

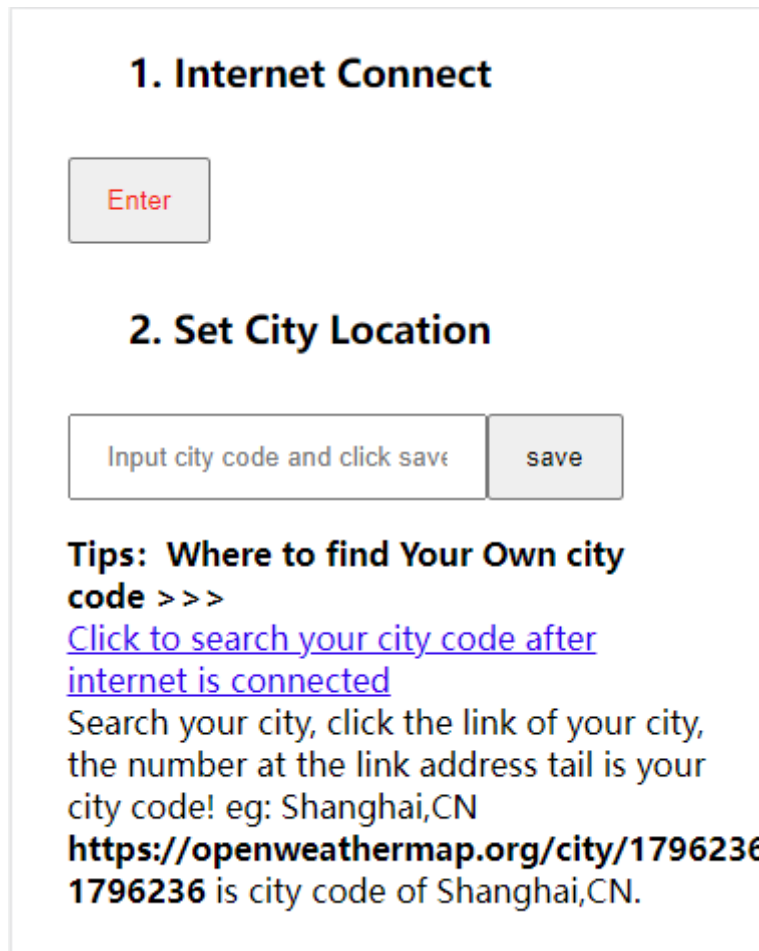
## Small Desktop Weather Clock User Manual V3.0

### 1. Power Supply

5V/1A DC is suggested, the power voltage should not big than 5V, which may cause damage.

### 2. WiFi Connection

After first time power on, the screen shows "Don't worry", this time the widget will generate an AP called "GIFTV" with no password, open your phone or computer to connect to "GIFTV", in most cases, there will auto show up a web page like bellow:



The screenshot shows a web interface with two main sections:

- 1. Internet Connect**: A single button labeled "Enter" in red text.
- 2. Set City Location**: An input field containing the text "Input city code and click save" and a "save" button.

Below the input field, there is a "Tips" section:

**Tips: Where to find Your Own city code >>>**  
[Click to search your city code after internet is connected](#)  
Search your city, click the link of your city, the number at the link address tail is your city code! eg: Shanghai,CN  
**<https://openweathermap.org/city/1796236>**  
**1796236** is city code of Shanghai,CN.

but if this not happen in your device, you can open your web broswer and visit <http://192.168.1.1>, which will also enter the control page.

First we need to connect to your router's WiFi, to make sure the widget can connect to internet to sync time and weather info. Click "Enter" to start,

HOME

Auto Scan WiFi

Manual Input WiFi

Tips: Wait a second after you click "Auto Scan WiFi", retry if failed!

There are two ways to connect to the AP you want, "Auto Scan WiFi" will scan the APs around the widget, please keep in mind only 2.4G frequency is supported, which means your 5G AP can't be scanned or connected. In most cases we use "Auto Scan WiFi" method, but if your AP is a hidden one, or you may want to connect to your phone's hotspot, you can use the "Manual Input WiFi" method, and input the SSID and password manually.

HOME

<a href="#">CMCC-9ph5</a>	🔒 100%
<a href="#">1024</a>	🔒 100%
<a href="#">CMCC-6HQT</a>	🔒 72%
<a href="#">ChinaNet-faqs</a>	🔒 58%
<a href="#">TAGORE-XU</a>	🔒 52%
<a href="#">Xiaomi_D369</a>	🔒 44%
<a href="#">CMCC-pC9t</a>	🔒 38%
<a href="#">yiyuanjiudian-3</a>	22%
<a href="#">CU_houw</a>	🔒 22%

1024

password

Save

After SSID and password is inputed, click "Save", the widget will be rebooted to connect to the AP you set. If failed, please check the info and retry.

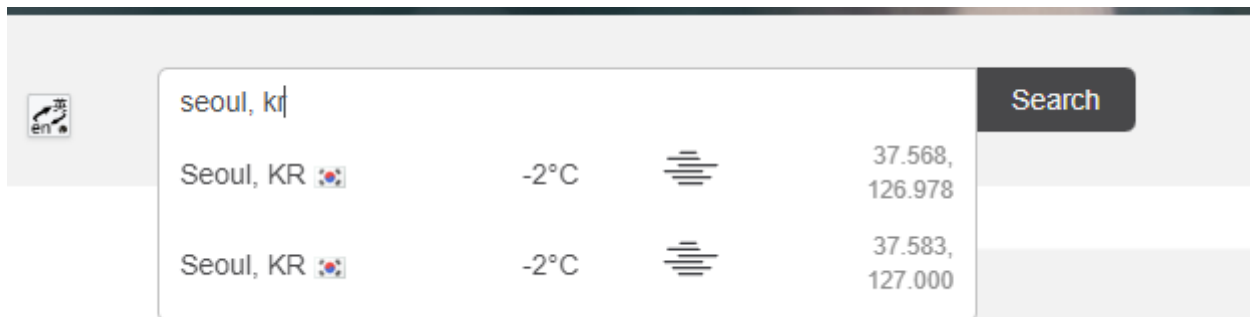
### 3. How To Change City Code And Other Settings

After internet is connected, the "GIFTV" will be disappeared, city code need to be set to get time and weather info of your city.

There will be a new IP address shown below the city name, everyone's is different, you should find your own, this time, connect to the same AP the widget connected, and visit the new ip address to access the control page.



The weather info is synced from this website <https://openweathermap.org/>, take "Seoul, KR" for example:



, click the results, this will lead you to the weather details of Seoul, KR.



the tail number of the link address <https://openweathermap.org/city/1835848>, 1835848 is the city code of Seoul,KR. Then we copy this number, pasted in the below section, and click "save" to make it effective.

## 2. Set City Location

**Tips: Where to find Your Own city code >>>**

[Click to search your city code after internet is connected](#)

update success!

After this, the time and weather info will updated automatically on the screen.



#### 4. Problems you may encounter.

- The screen flickers?

The power is unstable, try change another USB cable or DC.

- The screen keeps in dark, nothing on the screen?

The Type-c interface is a bit tight, you may need some force to insert into the interface. Or change another cable.

- Can't scan out my WiFi?

Make sure it's not 5G AP first, and second, make sure the distance between the widget and your router is not very far.

- Can't connect to my WiFi?

We have found some WiFi6 routers have some compatibility issues, we suggest close the WiFi6 option if possible, or start a guest AP for the widget to connect. Especially some ASUS routers.

Another possible reason is that the distance from the router is too far, we recommend that the scanned WIFI signal strength needs to be greater than 50%.

Please contact us if you need some help, and a 5 stars feedback is much appreciated.